

MARKETS

NEW YORK CITY,
Electrolytic 12.25 to
12.50.
Silver 48 1-8.

The Bisbee Daily Review

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

WEATHER

FOR ARIZONA
Weather—Cloudy.
Colder probably snow

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BISBEE, ARIZONA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 6, 1915.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

PAVING IS DISCUSSED BY COUNCIL

City Father Set Aside Next Tuesday Night for the Special Discussion of Paving Matters in the City of Bisbee.

COUNCIL PRESENTS SLIGHTLY NEW FRONT

Appointment of Deputy City Assessor Stirs Up Lively Discussion Resulting in Postponement of Action.

Paving matters, with particular reference to Brewery Gulch, monthly accounts, one appointment squabble, and many other smaller matters occupied the attention of the city council last evening from eight until nearly twelve o'clock. It was the first meeting of the New Year and was attended by the whole council with the exception of Alderman Walsh from the second ward.

The personnel of the council has changed materially since last spring's election. Charles Holz was chosen at the last special meeting of the council to succeed Robert Hennessy as alderman from the first ward. Jesse Toland now represents the second ward in the place of Wm. Deboy who resigned some weeks ago. In place of Vance Johnson, resigned, Robert Hennessy is now the second alderman from the second ward. The appointment was offered J. J. Patton but was refused. On account of the well known activity of Hennessy and his long standing as a member of the council, he was again pressed into service.

The first matter to come up before the council was the condition of Brewery Gulch during the flood times. The recent heavy fall of water has been an object lesson to the residents and property owners along the gulch and the vehement opinion, as expressed at last night's meeting, was that something has to be done along the gulch in order to eliminate conditions as they existed several weeks ago.

The question was raised by Pierre F. Mariotte, proprietor of the French Kitchen. Mariotte requested that the council order that when flood water comes down Brewery Gulch such waters be allowed to seek their own channel. He complained that during the recent flood he had water flowing in front of his establishment for several days. He also stated that this water was diverted from the other side of the street to a place in front of his establishment.

With this start the ball was started and many were heard from in regard to the condition along Brewery Gulch during the heavy waters. Councilman Cunningham made a lengthy argument in favor of paving Brewery Gulch as far as the lumber yard. He advocated a readjustment of the grade along the lower end of the gulch. Cunningham asserted that with a steeper pitch along the lower part of the gulch from a point about in front of the old stand of the Hermitage to the present opening of the subway under the car tracks, the heavy precipitation of gravel and sand would be carried, by the water, into the subway. Cunningham advocated the making of a new grade both in the gulch and in Review Alley to eliminate this condition.

Cunningham was followed by Joe Mubelin who voiced practically the same opinion as the former. The well known property owner made very

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DEATH KNELL OF PROGRESSIVES RINGS OUT IN ILLINOIS WHEN PARTY MEMBERS JOIN REPUBLICANS IN LOWER CHAMBER

SPRINGFIELD, Jan. 5.—Politicians here for the opening of the Illinois legislature tonight witnessed what is termed the death of the Progressive party in Illinois when Medill McCormick, a member of the Progressive national committee and a member of the house, together with H. S. Hicks, the only other Progressive in the lower house, entered the Republican

FRENCH, AFTER GERMAN BOMBARDMENT, REPAIR RUINED HOMES



Many of the homes along the battle line of the Arras have been almost totally destroyed during the engagements taking place there. The photo shows French soldiers helping the inhabitants of some of the ruined homes restore them for habitation.

UNION MEMBERS TO PAY BIG DAMAGES

"Danbury Hatters" Case, In Court Eleven Years, Has At Last Been Decided Against Union Which Boycotted.

Damages Awarded Under Sherman Anti-Trust Law—Many Bank Accounts And Homes Already Attached.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The "Danbury Hatters" case, in court eleven years, ended when the supreme court today held that some 200 labor union members must pay \$250,139.99 damages under the Sherman anti-trust law for the national boycott of the D. K. Loewe Company of Danbury, Conn., hat manufacturers, who refused to unionize their shops.

Bank accounts and homes of many men are already under attachment, and the next step will probably be the foreclosure to pay judgment.

Leading lawyers in congress disagreed on whether this meant the union workmen will be liable in the future on account of boycotts. Some hold the Clayton anti-trust law passed after the hatters cases were tried will make such prosecution impossible. It was in the Danbury hatters case that the supreme court decided in 1908 that labor unions are subject to the terms of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Justice Holmes announcing the unanimous decision of the court said: "It requires more than blindness of justice not to see that many branches of the United Hatters and American Federation of Labor in the pursuance of a plan emanating from headquarters have made use of such unfair dealers and lists of primary and secondary boycott in efforts to subvert plaintiffs to their demands."

BASEBALL TAKES HUMPTY DUMPTY'S PLACE ON A WALL

Suit Filed by Federal League Is Trump Play Against Organized Game—May Result in Complete Revolution.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—The entire fabric of organized base ball is threatened. It is said in the anti-trust suit filed by the Federal League.

This suit, which is the heartiest sign of the Federal League in the war against the older organization, is against the leading bodies operating under the national agreement, including the National League, American League and National Commission. Not only is it possible that the Interstate Commerce Commission will be declared illegal, but that Interleague agreements will be dissolved and 1,000 players in Major and Minor leagues be declared free agents.

The bill is a complaint filed in the United States district court for northern Illinois and first action on it will be taken by Judge Koneaw Landis, an ardent baseball fan who has set January 20 as the day for the hearing. It asserts that the national agreement under which organized baseball exists, was made for the purpose of so dominating players that their engagements by clubs outside of the alleged combination will be difficult if not impossible.

RETIRED JUDGE NAMED TO NEW JOB.

VENTURA, Calif., Jan. 5.—Judge Herbert Clarke, who has just retired from the superior court bench of Ventura county, was appointed assistant attorney general of California. Clarke will make his headquarters in Los Angeles.

WHY LAWYERS MAY NOT TALK FOR PUBLICATION

PHOENIX, Jan. 5.—Explaining his refusal to discuss a case now pending in the Arizona courts, a Phoenix attorney today cited the position taken by Illinois lawyers in accordance with the view of delegates to the annual meeting of the Illinois State Bar Association. A resolution was adopted declaring it unethical for a lawyer to make a statement for publication in a newspaper concerning a case in which he is engaged or to give, but his plan of procedure.

According to the resolution, lawyers will be fined or penalized if they allow interviews concerning their cases to appear in newspapers. A clause asserts that the publicity given to trials and suits at law often prevents justice.

PRESCOTT'S MEN CALL MEETING IN PHOENIX

Merchants From All Parts Of State Will Gather To Consider Petition To Legislature Asking Special Election.

Phoenix Saloonmen State They Will Not Fight For Any Amendments to Present Prohibition Bill of State.

PHOENIX, Jan. 5.—A strong delegation of merchants from all parts of Arizona will meet at the Hotel Adams at Phoenix Tuesday, January 12 to frame an initiative petition to the legislature asking that a special election be called as permitted in Article 21, Section 1, of the Arizona constitution, to change the prohibition amendment and ask for the repeal of the Old Age and Mother's Pension bill.

PHOENIX SALOONMEN DON'T FAVOR ELECTION.

PHOENIX, Jan. 5.—The proposition being urged by Prescott men to petition the legislature to call a special election for the re-submission of the prohibition amendment will not be supported by Phoenix liquor dealers, according to today's indications. Petitions addressed to the legislature for special election on the Mother's Pension and prohibition laws are now being circulated in northern Arizona counties.

WOULD HAVE RIGID CHILD LABOR LAWS

SENATOR KENYON BELIEVES SUCH LAWS WILL STOP SWEAT SHOP LABOR OF UNDERAGED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Invoking a rigid application of the law to keep little children out of "sweat shops," was urged by Senator Kenyon of Iowa, before the eleventh annual conference on child labor. He told the delegates they should reverse their policy of pleading with the captains of industry.

"It is no use to argue with the manufacturer who employs little children," the senator said. "It is time to bring down the strong hands of the law. Let us flood congress with letters so congress may know this. National legislations prohibiting the employment of underaged children is what the people want. Congress usually yields to the public demand."

CARRANZA FORCE TAKES PUEBLA IN FIRST BATTLE

Campaign Toward Mexico City Opens With Victory for Carranza's Army Under Gen. Obregon at Puebla.

BLOODIEST CONFLICT IN COUNTRY'S WARS

Pound City With Ninety-Two Cannons—Attackers Out-numbered Defenders Two to One and Rushed City.

VERA CRUZ, Jan. 5.—Puebla, that was evacuated one month ago by the troops of Carranza, was retaken after six hours of what is described as having been the most furious bombardment in which any Mexican force has yet been subjected. Obregon threw nearly all his 30,000 men into action. The final campaign began with the capture of Tepic, nearly six days ago.

After pounding with ninety-two cannons the positions of the troops of Generals Villa and Zapata, whose strength is estimated to have been some 15,000. The troops of Obregon advanced early under fire of their opponents' artillery.

How many Villa and Zapata troops escaped is not known but early reports of the fighting indicate a greater part of them were killed or made prisoners. From these reports it would seem that in few of the battles that have occurred in Mexico has the slaughter been so swift and so great.

The hardest part of the action was fought outside the city proper. The dead and wounded are said to cover the ground in some places. The cannon bombardment was almost incessant.

WASHINGTON HEARS OF CARRANZA'S VICTORY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Despatches to the Carranza agency from Laredo tonight announced that Obregon had captured Puebla at 11 o'clock this morning, defeating a force under Angeles, 10,000 prisoners and ninety cannons were captured. Gutierrez headquarters had no news concerning the battle of Puebla. The attack is said to be the first step toward the general campaign upon Mexico City.

ANOTHER CARRANZA ARMY HAS GREAT SUCCESS

LAREDO, Jan. 5.—It is reported in Carranza circles that General Herrera has defeated a large force of convention troops at La Brea station near Torreon, capturing six machine guns, two trains and a large number of prisoners. Monterey advised said it is rumored that General Villareal has captured three of the convention troop trains enroute toward Torreon.

ITURBE COMES NORTH TO JOIN HILL ARMY

NACO, Jan. 5.—General Iturbide with 3,000 men is reported to have reached Moctezuma on the way to join Hill. It is said the force is coming to meet any movement by General Juan Cabral who has left Casas Grandes with 8,000 men to join Maytorena who he will replace in a military capacity.

MEXICO CITY WILL STUDY NACO SITUATION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The Gutierrez government in a note to the state department through the Brazilian minister, announced that General Maytorena at Naco has been ordered to "make no attack and withdraw his forces from the border" pending a closer study of the situation in its military and political aspect.

BERLIN'S REPORT IS JUST A LITTLE VOGUE.

BERLIN, Jan. 5.—In comment on the military situation, the official press bureau declares that operations in Alsace "appear to be progressing favorably for the Germans." The statement says bad weather is causing unusually small activities in the western theatre. Small advances of both Germans and Austrians are mentioned. "There is no news from Serbia or Turkey," concluded the statement.

WAR INTEREST CENTERS IN EAST WHERE RUSSIA DEFEATS INVADING TURKS

Two of the Three Invading Turkish Armies Which Crossed Through Caucasian Passes Meet With Disaster—One Column Driven From Captured Town and Almost Completely Surrounded By Pressing Pursuers.

RUSSIANS ALSO CLAIM VICTORY OVER AUSTRIANS IN CARPATHIAN PASSES

Military Men Look for Big Events Along Vistula Soon and Think Battle Will Rage There—German Offensive in North Poland is Serious—Battling in West is Confined to Two Small Positions—Comparative Calm.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Two of three Turkish columns which invaded the Russian Caucasus last week met with disaster and what troops were not killed or captured are in disorderly retreat pursued by the Russians. One column which took Ardahan, two days ago is driven out of that town and according to Petrograd official dispatches, almost surrounded by Russians who hold the main roads. Another column which crossed the frontier near Sari Kamysh, on the road to Kars, suffered even worse defeat, one of two army corps which composed it being captured in entirety.

The Russians also report another victory over the Austrians in Suzzok Pass of the Carpathians. The Austrians here are said to be in full retreat with a violent snowstorm raging. Military men look soon for bigger events between the lower Vistula and on the East Prussian frontier. By forcing the Czechs East the Russians gain control of some of the most valuable oil fields in the Austro Empire and thus shut off another of the sources of fuel supply of which the Austro-German armies are said to be so much in need. This, however, has only been a part of the Russian attack.

While forcing the Turks and Austrians, the Russian troops holding the line of Mazurian Lakes in East Prussia, are fighting strenuously to withstand the German offensive in North Poland; are advancing toward "races" and have crossed Bukovina, which is now virtually in their possession. In North Poland, where Russia is confronted with a most serious task, weather is proving a useful ally. The Germans, according to all accounts, are making only slow progress with the offensive operations, while the Russians an unofficial dispatch from Berlin says, are advancing toward Czeow and Southern Silesia.

Russians are now in possession of a greater part of the intervening territory between the lower Vistula and East Prussian frontier and unless engaged when the river freezes would in on the German flank to the south of the Vistula. It is believed here, therefore, that the Germans are planning a movement from Thorn to East Prussia in an effort to prevent this action. As the fighting is to take place in the open it would afford a contrast to the trench warfare which prevails along the rest of the front.

Except at two extreme wings on the Belgian coast and in Upper Alsace, where the Allies gained some ground, fighting on the western front has been done by sappers, miners and artillery. From the coast to the Swiss border troops either have been engaged in shelling opposite trenches or trying to sap and mine them. Only at isolated points has the infantry been given its support.

Great interest attaches to operations of the French in Upper Alsace.

TURKS BADLY DEFEATED BY RUSSIAN ARMY.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 5.—The Russian troops gained a decisive victory at Sari Kamysh, capturing the entire Turkish ninth army corps, according to headquarters in the Caucasus. Two other Turkish army corps were reported beaten and three division commanders were captured. The defeated Turks are being pursued.

ENGLAND WON'T ACCEPT CERTIFICATION PLANS.

LONDON, Jan. 5.—Although the foreign office regards with high favor the American governments plan for the certification of cargoes, it is said England cannot accept such a certification as absolute guaranty of the nature of a cargo in case any cause for suspicion arises after the vessel leaves America.

HIGH AUTHORITIES OF BERLIN DO NOT EXPECT UNITED STATES TO KEEP FROM SELLING ARMS AND SHELLS TO EUROPE

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The German government, according to statements before the house foreign affairs committee not expect legislation in this country to prevent the exportation of arms and ammunition to European belligerents. Chairman Flood of the committee said he understood the German government through its foreign office had taken this position. Representative Metz of New York, told the committee he recently talked with "high authorities" in Berlin who held the United States is within its rights under international law in permitting trade in war supplies with belligerents. Flood made his statement in the course of an argument with Representative Bartholdt, who is before the committee advocating his resolution, which would empower the president to prohibit such exportation. Bartholdt said his opposition to traffic in war supplies is not controlled by the German government but based on sense and "international morality."